

A splendid gift from the Earth: the origins & impact of Avermectin

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&

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Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine

awarded for a discovery;

of major importance in Life Science or medicine

&

 that has changed the scientific paradigm and which confers the "greatest benefit on mankind"



The first step of our research

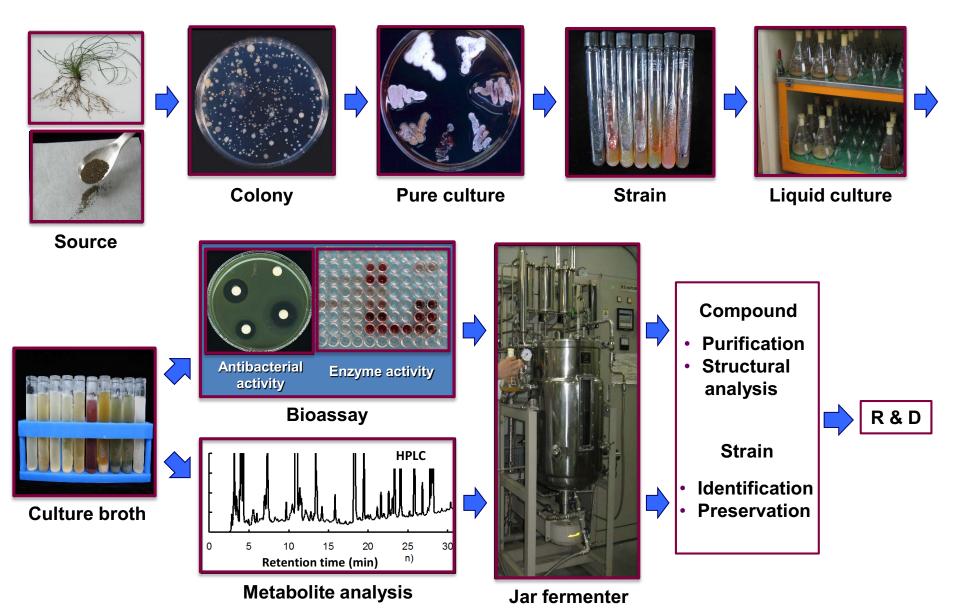






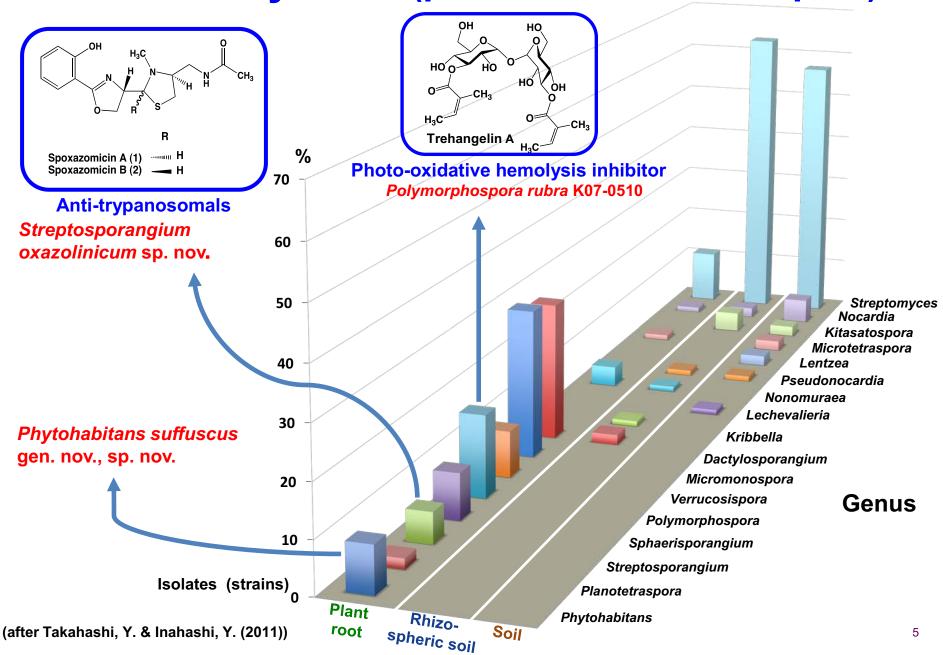


Screening for new bioactive compounds





Actinomycetes (plant root & soil samples)





Discovery

Targets for total syntheses

>100



Microbial metabolites discovered



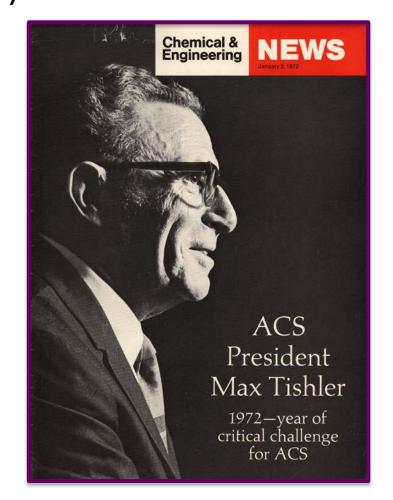
Ivermectin: the beginning



Wesleyan University USA (1972)

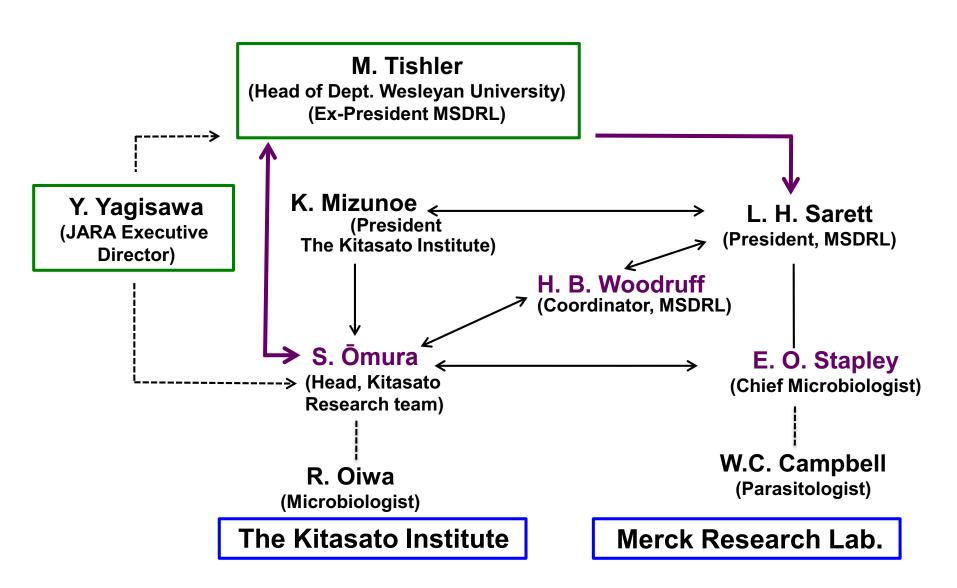
Satoshi Ōmura

Max Tishler (1906-1989)





Kitasato - MSDRL Collaboration (1973)





Compounds discovered in collaboration

Antimicrobial

Me OH OH Me OH Me Me Me Me OH Me Me

Factumycin

Antimicrobial



The avermectin producing strain



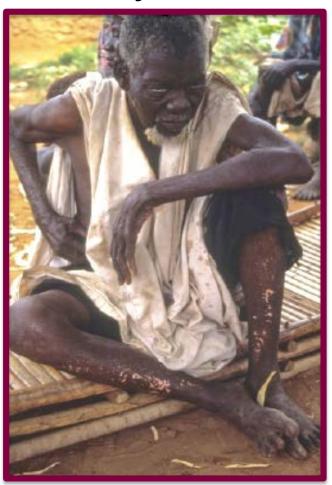
Streptomyces avermectinius (S. avermitilis)

(white bar: 1/m)



Human health goals : Onchocerciasis (River blindness)

- Caused by filarial worms, transmitted by Simulium black flies
- Females release millions of immature worms; migrate to skin
 eyes skin disease, unbearable itching & blindness.



People at risk 120 million

People infected18 million

Blinded / disabled 770,000

Disease burden (DALY) 1.1 million

Countries affected

No safe drugs available

(data~1987)

(Source: UNDP/World Bank/WHO Special Programme for Research & Training in Tropical Diseases (TDR))



Ivermectin: world's most effective drug donation



The Kitasato Institute (1989)

S. Ōmura

P. R. Vagelos



Ivermectin: the solution







- Taken once annually
- Very safe taken without medical supervision



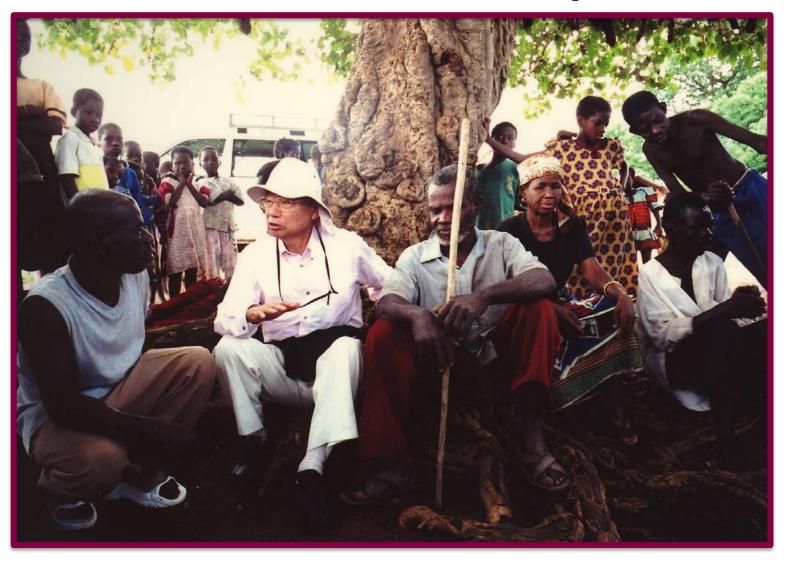
Ivermectin Distribution

Key partners for Mass Drug Administration (MDA) Merck & Co. Inc. & Mectizan Donation Program

- ✓ The Kitasato Institute
- ✓ World Health Organization (WHO)
- TDR (Special Programme for Research & Training in Tropical Diseases)
- ✓ Onchocerciasis Control Programme West Africa (OCP)
- ✓ African Programme for Onchocerciasis Control (APOC)
- **World Bank**
- **✓** Endemic country governments
- ✓ Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)
- ✓ Affected communities & volunteer drug distributors



Onchocerciasis impact



Asubende, Ghana (2004)



Lymphatic filariasis

Caused by parasitic worms of the species, Wuchereria bancrofti (90%) & Brugia malayi (10%), transmitted by various species of mosquitoes



Infection causes filarial fever, elephantiasis, male genital damage & severe social stigma

People at risk

> 1.3 billion

People infected

120 million

Countries affected

83

(data ~2000)

(Source: Global Alliance to Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis (GAELF), 2010)



Thanks to Streptomyces avermectinius

Ivermectin treatments approved (2014):

Onchocerciasis 110 million Lymphatic filariasis 218 million

Sub-total = 328 million

Combined treatments 73 million

TOTAL = 255 million

Ivermectin treatments administered (2013)

Onchocerciasis 107 million Lymphatic filariasis 120 million

TOTAL = 227 million

Total treatments approved:

Onchocerciasis (1987-2014) = 1.4 billion

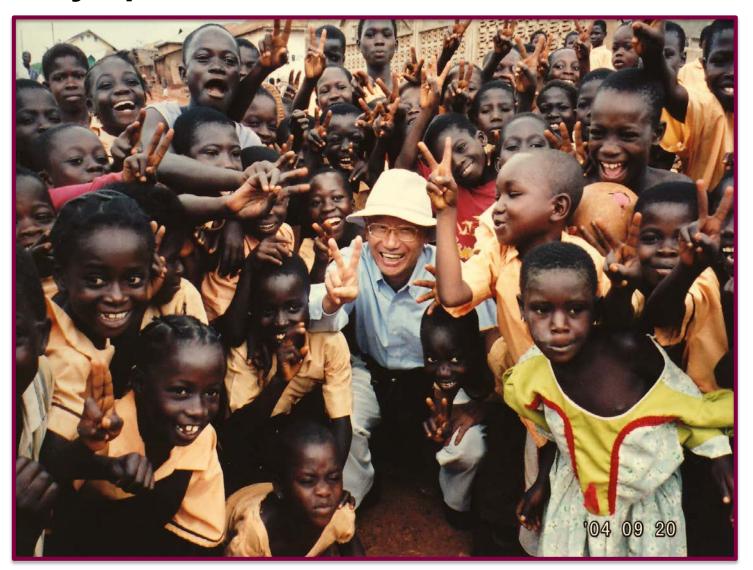
Lymphatic filariasis (2000-2014) = 1.2 billion

(Source: MDP, WHO(WER), APOC)



Global elimination goals

Lymphatic filariasis **2025** Onchocerciasis





Ivermectin: commercial human use

- Strongyloidiasis
 - caused by Strongyloides stercoralis
 - >300 million people infected worldwide
- Scabies
 - infestation of Sarcoptes scabiei affects
 >130 million people at any one time
- Head Lice (Pediculosis capitis)
 - household-wide treatment effective in preventing infestation spread

(Source: WHO)



Ivermectin Mass Drug Administration Secondary benefits: Africa (4-country study)

Health:

- 55.7% improved vision
- 54% dewormed
- 50.3% better skin
- 44.4% reduced itching
- 31.4% less head lice
- Less ill health, less high blood pressure, less epilepsy
- Better fertility & improved libido

Social:

- 75.6% reported improved ability to work
- 28.3% improved self respect/esteem
- 26.4% better peer acceptance
- 15.6% improved school attendance
- 9.1% better home relationships

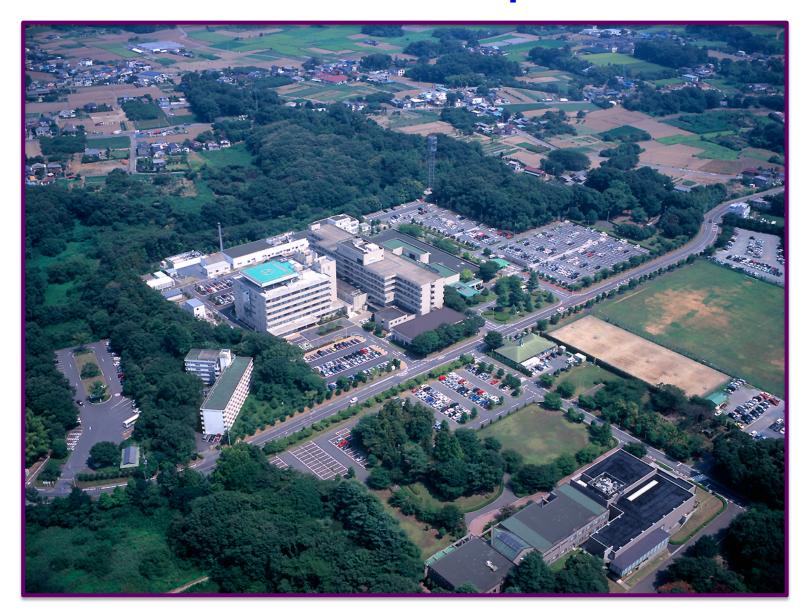


Avermectins & Neglected diseases

- Avermectins action on parasites & insect vectors (mosquitoes, Tsetse flies, triatomine bugs, sandflies, etc.)
- Ivermectin reported to be effective against:
 - Malaria
 - Tuberculosis
 - Leishmaniasis
 - Trypanosomiasis
 - Flaviviruses (Dengue & Yellow fever)
 - Trichinosis
 - Chlamydia
 - Leukaemia
 - Schistosomiasis

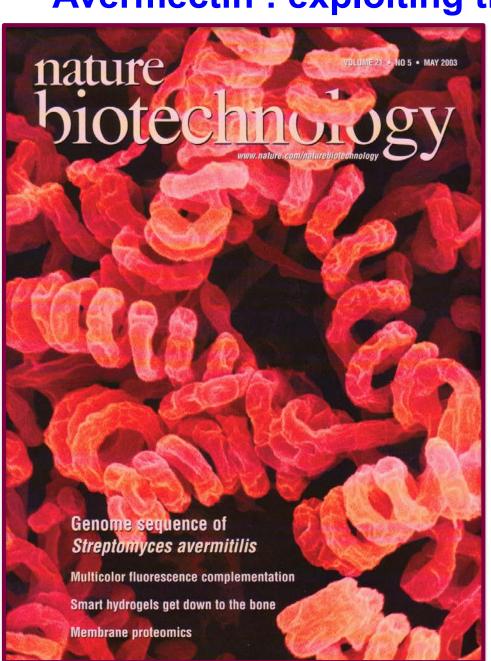


Benefits to Japan





Avermectin: exploiting the source



Publications:

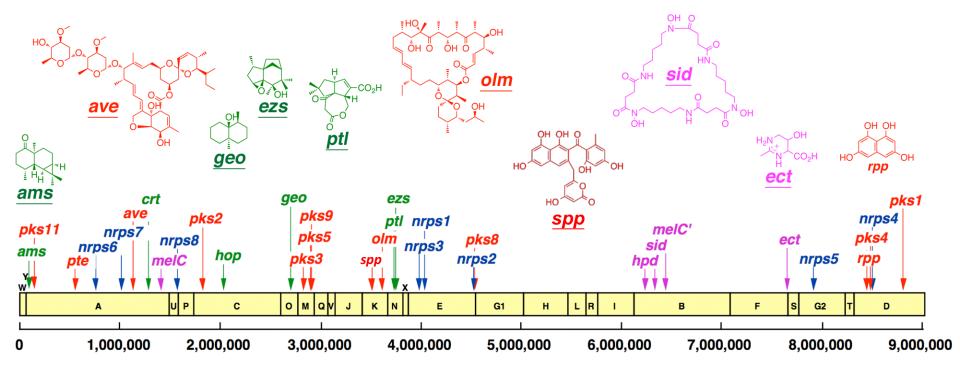
Ōmura, S. et al., (2001)

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA., 98, 12215

Ikeda, H. et al., (2003) Nature Biotechnol., <u>21</u>, 526



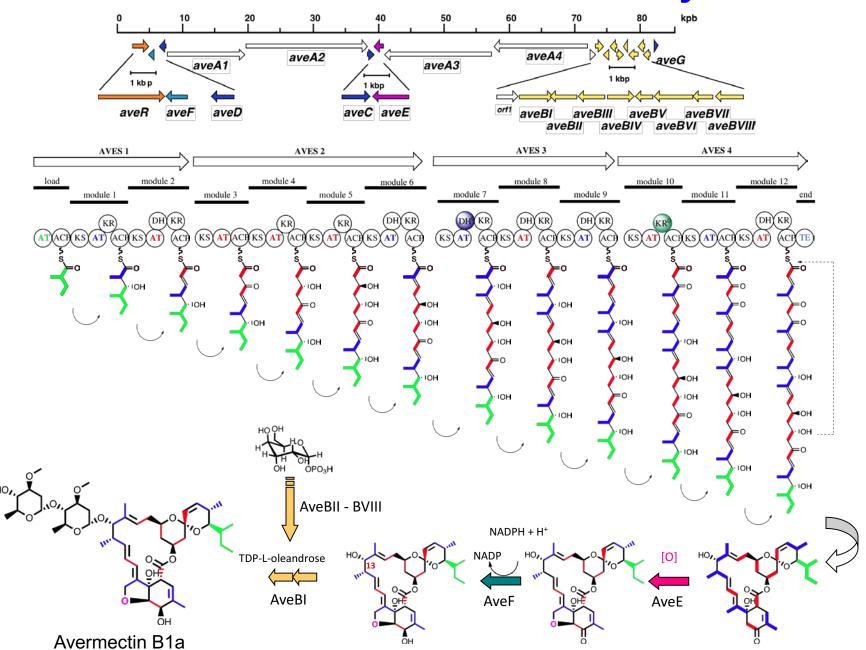
Distribution of gene clusters for secondary metabolite biosyntheses in *Streptomyces avermectinius* (avermitilis)



Streptomyces avermitilis (9,025,608 bp; Asel physical map)



S. avermectinius: avermectin biosynthesis





Personal research philosophy

"to exploit the potential of microorganisms and microbial metabolites to advance scientific progress in all fields, including Organic Chemistry, Biochemistry and Medicine, as well as to accelerate and maximize improvements in human health and welfare worldwide"



Nature's bounty

Microbes do not produce useless metabolites:

we just have little knowledge of their usefulness for mankind



Useful microbial metabolites for chemical biology & medicine

Cerulenin

(Inhibitor of fatty acid and polyketide syntheses)

Lactacystin

(Protreasome inhibitor)

Staurosporine (Protein kinase inhibitor)



Tea ceremony (Chanoyu)



'Ichi-go Ichi-e' (一期一会) = "One encounter, one chance"

(expression emphasizing the profound respect and uniqueness embodied in each ceremony)



Acknowledgement

&

profound gratitude



Thank you